Name		Class _		Date		
Geo	_	EADING es for Georgia S gia and World War II	tudents			
	tions: l	Georgia Politics in Wo Jse the information fr following.		7 to complete th	е	
1.	When the wa	ar began, Eugene		_ was the		
	of Georgia.					
2.	However, his	·	during his administ	tration made him		
		, which ena	bled a progressive	named Ellis	to	
	win the office	e in 1942.				
3.	By the end o	f Arnall's administratior	ı, Georgia had a ne	ew		
	and the state	government had been		·		
4.	In 1940, Geo	orgians once again	E	Eugene Talmadge	e as governor.	
5.	The		_ system had giver	1	voters far more	
	- 	than voter	s in the growing cit	ties.		
6.	The rural are	as remained more	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	than the	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	and this was seen in Talmadge's appeal to those voters.					
7.	In his two-ye	ar administration, howe	ever, Talmadge ma	de a major	·	
8.	In his zeal to	w	hite supremacy an	d	,	
	Talmadge tri	ed to bring politics into	the	Sys	stem.	
9.	Talmadge wa	anted to	Dean Walter (Cocking of the Ur	niversity of	
	Georgia's Sc	hool of Education for _		support	ing racial	
		·				

ame	Class	Date	
10. The Board o	of Regents at first	After a	
about the we	ell-respected Cocking, howeve	r, the Board	
Talmadge's	to fire	e him.	
11.Talmadge th	nen three	members of the	and
	three new membe	rs who would	
	his wishes.		
12.The	Board then	Cocking.	
13. Within a yea	r, otherr	members and administrators l	nad been
	, including the preside	ent of the Georgia Teachers C	College in
Statesboro (now Georgia Southern Univers	sity).	
14 In further eff	orts to defend white supremac	had aver	hoon
14.111 Iditilici Cii	orts to deteria write supremae	y, nau ever	i beeli
	from libraries.	y,niau evei	i been
15. The result w	from libraries.	for the University System's _	
15. The result w	ras a	for the University System's _ (gave official appr	oval to) the
15. The result w students. The state's school	ras ahe agency thathe	for the University System's _ (gave official appr	oval to) the
15. The result we students. The state's school university in	ras ahe agency thatholds took away the	for the University System's _ (gave official appr of the white	roval to) the e colleges and
15. The result we students. The state's school university in 16. Two months	from libraries. as a he agency that ols took away the December 1941.	for the University System's _ (gave official appr of the white College was	roval to) the e colleges and
15. The result we students. The state's school university in 16. Two months approved lis	from libraries. ras a he agency that ols took away the December 1941. s later, the	for the University System's _ (gave official appr of the white College was	roval to) the colleges and from the
15. The result we students. The state's school university in 16. Two months approved lis 17. These action	from libraries. as a he agency that ols took away the December 1941. I later, the t of the American Medical Asso	for the University System's (gave official appropriate of the white college was from an	roval to) the e colleges and from the

me	Class		Date	
18. The	that follow	/ed	Talmadge his	
19. Arnall ran on a		of getting the		back.
20. He also wanted to		the governor's	to)
future g	overnors from ex	cercising the kind	of	
Talmadge had.				
21. Arnall	a "new o	day for Georgia."		
22. Thirty-five-year-old Ar	nall of Newnan b	ecame the	gove	rnor in the
	_ when elected in	1942. He was al	so the	
governor elected to a		year term.		
23	_was one of the	major	governor	rs in
Georgia history.				
24. Another of Arnall's acc	complishments w	as a state system	of	
	for all state en	nployees.		
25. That meant that a per	son would be		_based on	
	for a	particular	, not because of	F
	connections.			
	connections.	be fired for _		
26. State employees could	connections. d also reform the	be fired for _ s	system in Georgia.	reasons.

Name	Class	Date
29. Burns descri	bed a system of inhumane	······································
conditions, a	nd	
30. In addition to	prisoners in the Tattnall state Prison i	n Reidsville,
lived in state	highway camps and county work cam	ps providing for
roads and ot	her projects.	
31. The April 194	43 escape of	prisoners from the
state prison l	led to several	of the entire system.
32.The	showed that,	to nine other southern
states, Georg	gia had the priso	ons.
33. After the rep	orts of the investigations came out,	Arnall called a
	session of Georgia's legisla	ture to pass
34. The resulting	g laws created the Department of	with a director to
oversee the	system, including the county work cam	ips.
35. Eighteen spe	ecific reforms also passed, including	the use of leg irons
and	, separating	offenders and the
	ill from the general prison po	opulation, and providing
	through education, train	ing, and religious activity.
36.As early as t	he 1930s, the Institute of Public Affairs	(now the Carl Vinson Institute of
Government) at the University of Georgia had	reforming
Georgia's 18	.77 state	
	becoming governor, Arnall established	
just that.		

Name	C1	ass	Date
38. The	constitution	n was approved by the	and then
	by the vote	ers in August 1945. Most	of it was the same as the
previous	document, but some _	were ir	nportant.
39. For exam	nple, this constitution in	ncluded a new	officer - the
	gov	vernor.	
40. Another a	addition was the Depar	rtment of	Services, an important
agency fo	or the	returning from W	orld War II.
41. Arnall, ar	1	by profession, also led	d the fight for the
	South a	gainst	railroad rates.
42. ln 1885,		_ had established	based on regions.
43. The rates	s to ship	_ materials from the Sout	h to the were
cheap.			
44. It was als	60	to ship manufactured	I goods from the
	to the South tha	an it was to ship	goods from
the	to the I	North.	
45. The	sh	ipping cost for	manufactured
goods me	eant that goods	in the Sou	uth more in the
North and	d	consumers from buyir	ng them.
46. There we	ere already	before the	Interstate Commerce
Commiss	sion by the time	became gov	ernor, but the investigation had
been		for years.	
47. Angered	by the slow process, A	Arnall1	the Georgia
general t	o file a	in the U.S. Supren	ne Court.

me	Class		Date	
48. Arnall himself	before	e the court, trying	to	them
to the	e case, saying that it wa	s	in interst	ate
commerce.				
49. Two months later,	the	e case appeared	before the	,
the	Commerce Co	ommission issued	d a	_ that
railroads had to _	unifo	rm rates across t	he nation.	
50. One of the most _		proposals of Arn	all's first year was	his
	for a constitutional		to change	the voting
in Ged	orgia from twenty-one to		·	
51. This was during _		Arna	all argued that, if	
	people were	enough to	in t	he war,
they were old eno	ugh to			
52. Opponents, many	from the	camp, a	rgued that young	
	Americans would be	given the	to vote. 7	They also
feared that young	people in	and unive	rsities would beco	me
	in	· · · · · · · · · ·		
53. When the	seemed	in danger of		in the
Georgia House of	Representatives, Arnall	spoke out an allo	owed the	
	Administration to se	nd young	war	veterans to
the state capital.				
54. Not only did the a	mendment	, but	_ percent of the	

	Class _	D	eate
55	was ahead c	of most of the country in allow	ving
people to vote			
56. The	-	Amendment to the U.	S. Constitution
	the voting a	age to	nationally in 1971 as a
result of the _		War.	
57. Enlarging		_ was another of Arnall's goa	als. He proposed to end
the	tax, which had	been passed at the end of	
	that this would	more	whites to
vote.			
59. While some op	oponents	that it might	more
		that it might e still kep	
African Americ	cans to vote, the white		t most blacks
African Americ	cans to vote, the white	estill kep	t most blacks
African Americ 60. Arnall poll tax was	cans to vote, the white	estill kep	t most blacks asure and in 1945, the
African Americ 60. Arnall poll tax was 61. In 1964, the	cans to vote, the white	estill kep egislature to support the mea	t most blacks asure and in 1945, the ent to the U.S.
African American American African American American American American American American American African American African American African American American American American African American African American African American African American African American African American Ameri	cans to vote, the white	e still kep egislature to support the mea Amendme	t most blacks asure and in 1945, the ent to the U.S.
African American African American African American American African American American American American African American African American African American American African American American American American American African American American African American African American African American African American African American Americ	cans to vote, the white	e still kep egislature to support the mea Amendme	t most blacks asure and in 1945, the ent to the U.S. voting in nationa
African American African American African American American African American American American American African American African American American American American American American African American African American African American African American African American Ameri	the le	egislature to support the mea - Amendments ase of poll taxes to	t most blacks asure and in 1945, the ent to the U.S voting in national ia's white state
African American African American African American American African American American American American African American African American	the le	egislature to support the meanure. Amendments of poll taxes to court said that Georg	t most blacks asure and in 1945, the ent to the U.S. voting in national ia's white state
African American American African American Ameri	the u	egislature to support the meanure. Amendments of poll taxes to court said that Georg	t most blacks asure and in 1945, the ent to the U.S voting in nationa ia's white state The U.S.

Name _.		Class	I	Date	
64	.They [white supremaci	sts] wanted Arnall to	do what South Card	olina had done after th	е
	court	; get the state le	gislature to	the primary	
	laws.				
65	.That would leave the p	olitical parties	of state	e control so they could	Ł
	choose their candidate	s	_ any	regulation.	
66	.The governor [Arnall]		to call the legislatur	re into	
	session to consider suc	ch a law.			
67	.Arnall himself	 	run for a second	d, but h	ıe
	hoped that someone w	ho would carry on hi	s	_ could get elected.	
68	.Meanwhile,	Talmadge wa	as using the	decision ar	ıd
	the	of African American	to	oh	nis
	power among Georgia	voters.			
69	.He [Talmadge] played	on	fears that white sup	premacy	
	come to an end.				
70	.The	the year after the	e war ended was one	e of the most	
		elections for a	governor in the	of the	
	state and the nation.				